Exploring the Suitability, Feasibility, and Benefits of an Arts-Based Mindfulness Intervention for Adolescent Mothers



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Abstract

Adolescent mothers are more vulnerable to parenting stress due to their age and life circumstances. Mindfulness-based interventions (MBIs) are increasingly being used to help improve parenting and prevent stress. This poster reflects the experiences of 9 adolescent mothers (18-22 years) who attended an 11-week arts-based mindfulness group program called HAP.



Introduction

Adolescent mothers experience higher levels of psychological distress and are vulnerable to isolation & decreased social support, which affect a mother's parenting. Given both their proven effectiveness with other vulnerable youth and parenting populations, MBIs have the potential to be helpful in improving the psychological well-being and parenting behaviors of adolescent mothers.

Methods

Qualitative data collection methods included group discussions, semi-structured private interviews, arts-based methods, and field notes.

Arts-based mindfulness group methods are a suitable, feasible, and beneficial way to engage adolescent mothers & help them develop supportive relationships, positive coping strategies, and improved awareness of themselves and their children.





- HAP has the potential for improving the internal maternal capacities of adolescent mothers to cope with parenting stress.
- Mindfulness skills of acceptance, emotion regulation, self-awareness, and non-judgment can encourage the development of responsive parenting.
- HAP is a suitable way to engage adolescent mothers in programming, especially if it is offered in a way that addresses social inequalities & barriers to service.
- HAP is an enjoyable and effective way for adolescent mothers to express themselves and share experiences.



Me As a Tree Activity

Participants are asked to construct or draw themselves as trees. This activity encouraged self-awareness and provided an opportunity for the mothers to make connections with one another.



Bad Day Better Activity

Participants are asked to paint a bad day and then change it into a good day. This activity supported the identification of positive coping strategies & was helpful in facilitating difficult but meaningful conversations about their lives.

Results

Inductive thematic analysis led to the development of themes relating to (a) connections with others, (b) new ways of coping, and (c) improved awareness

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